

Advanced Linear Charge Management Controller

Features

- Preset 8.4V Charge Voltage with 1% Accuracy
- Programmable Charge Current Up to 1A
- \blacktriangleright Input Voltage: 9.2V \sim 13V
- Pre-Charging, the Charge Current is adjustable
- ➤ Ideal for Dual-Cell (8.4V)Li-Ion Batteries
- Constant -Current Charging, the Charge Current is adjustable
- Constant-Voltage Charging
- Constant-Current/Constant-Voltage
 Charging with Temperature Monitoring
- Automatic Recharge
- Double LEDs Charge Status Indication
- Available in SOP-8L Package

Applications

- Charger for Li-Ion Coin Cell Batteries
- Bluetooth Applications
- Portable MP3 Players, Wireless Headsets

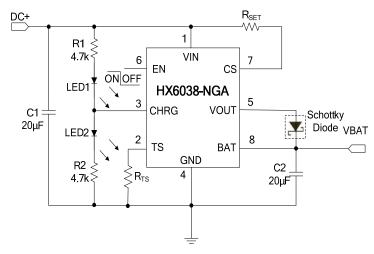
Description

The HX6038-NGA is a highly advanced complete constant-current/ constant voltage linear charger for cell lithium-ion batteries. Its package and low external component count make the HX6038-NGA ideally suited for portable applications. The charge current can be programmed externally with a single resistor, which may be programmed up to 1A. HX6038-NGA determines the charge mode by detecting the battery voltage: Pre-charge, constant current charging, constant voltage charging. The charge current of Opre-charging and constant -current charging is adjustable. The HX6038-NGA is monitored by temperature the constant-current monitor during constant-voltage charging. There are two LEDs indicate the charge mode.

The HX6038-NGA is available in the SOP-8L package.



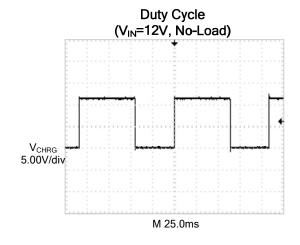
Typical Application Circuit



^{*}The charge current $I_{O(REG)} = V_{CS}/R_{SET}$ (V_{CS} is usually 200mV). Note that OFF indicates the LED is turned off.

Table1. Charge Status Summary

		_	
Condition	LED1	LED2	
Battery Charging	ON	OFF	
Charge Complete(Done)	OFF	ON	
No-Load (Note 1)	Flash	Flash	



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Note 1: See right figure for the V_{CHRG} waveform.

Pin Assignment and Description

TOP VIEW	PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION
8 7 6 5	1	VIN	Positive Input Supply Voltage.
	2	TS	Temperature Sense
	3	CHRG	Open-Drain Charge Status Output
	4	GND	Ground
	5	VOUT	Charge Current Output
	6	EN	ON/OFF Control (High Enable)
1 2 3 4	7	CS	Charge Current Program
SOP-8L	8	BAT	Battery Connection

^{*}The reverse-blocking protection diode is optional. In addition, the reverse-leakage current of the diode should be kept as small as possible.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 2)

	Input Supply Voltage (VIN)	0.3V ~ 8V
>	TS、CHRG、CS	0.3V \sim VIN + 0.3V
>	VOUT Pin Current	1A
>	Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C
>	Operating Ambient Temperature Range (Note 3)	40°C ~ +85°C
>	Storage Temperature Range	65℃ ~ +125℃
	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	

Note 2: Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

Note 3: The HX6038-NGA is guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0° C to 70° C. Specifications over the -40° C to 85° C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.



Electrical Characteristics

Operating Conditions: $T_A \! = \! 25\,^{\circ}\! \text{C}\,,$ unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
VIN	Input Supply Voltage		9.2		13	V	
.,	OVLO Threshold		13			V	
$V_{IN(OVLO)}$	OVLO Hysteresis	V _{IN} Rising		0.2		V	
IQ	Input Supply Current	Standby Mode (Charge Terminated) I		0.25		mA	
4		Shutdown Mode, EN=0		0.265		mA	
I _{SLEEP}	Sleep Current	Sum of currents into VOUT pin, V _{IN} =0		25		μA	
$\Delta V_{VIN-VBAT}$	Minimum Voltage difference Threshold	V _{IN} -V _{BAT}		600		mV	
Battery Vo	Itage Regulation Const	ant-current Charge	Т	T	T	Т	
$V_{O(REG)}$	Output Voltage		8.317	8.4	8.484	V	
I _{BAT}	BAT Pin Current	V _{BAT} =8.4V		10		μA	
V _(CS)	Current Regulation Threshold	Voltage at pin CS , relative to VIN	180	200	220	mV	
Trickle Cha	arge		1	ı	1		
V_{TRIKL}	Trickle Charge Threshold Voltage	V_{BAT} < V_{TRIKL} , R_{SET} =0.33 Ω .	5.6	6	6.2	V	
I _{TRIKL}	Trickle Charge Current	V_{BAT} Rising, $R_{SET} = 0.33\Omega$.		60		mA	
V _{RCH} com	parator (Battery Rechai	rge Threshold)	T	T	T		
ΔV (RCH)	Recharge Battery Threshold Voltage	V _{FLOAT} - V _{RECHRG}		100		mV	
EN Pin			T	ı	T	1	
V_{ENH}	EN High Threshold	Rising	1.5			V	
V_{ENL}	EN Low Threshold	Falling			0.6	V	
I _{EN}	EN Input Bias Current		-7		1.5	V	
CHRG Pin							
I _{CHRG}	CHRG Bias Current			3		mA	
Temperatu	Temperature Sense Comparator						
V _{TS-COLD}	TS Pin Threshold Voltage (Cold)	V _{TS} from Low to High		2.486		V	
V _{TS- HOT}	TS Pin Threshold Voltage (Hot)	V _{TS} from High to Low		0.485		V	
I_{TS}	TS Pin Output Current			-77		μA	



Pin Functions

VIN (Pin 1): Positive Input Supply Voltage. It Provides power to the charger VIN and should be bypassed with a 10µF capacitor.

TS (Pin 2): Temperature Sense.

CHRG (Pin 3): Charge Status Indication. When the battery is charging, the CHRG pin is pulled low. When the charge cycle is completed, the CHRG pin is pulled high. When no AC is detected, CHRG is forced high impedance.

GND (Pin 4): Ground.

VOUT (Pin 5): Charge Current Output. It provides charge current to the battery and regulates the final float voltage to 8.4V.

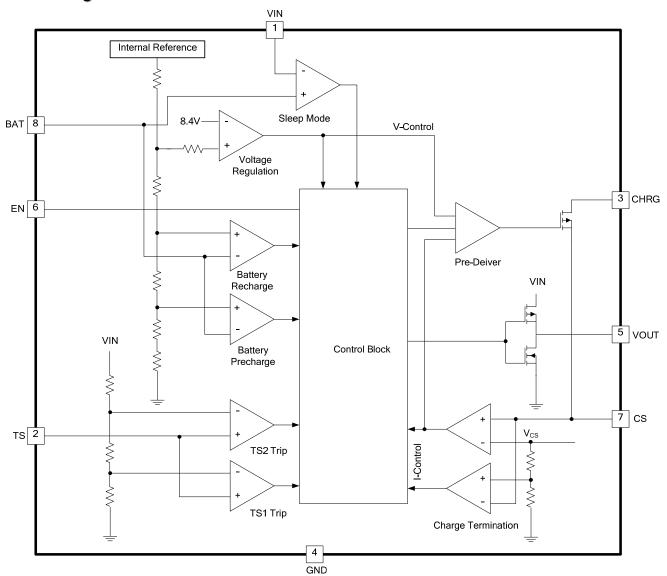
EN (Pin 6): En Control Input. Forcing this pin above 1V enables the part. Forcing this pin below 0.8V shuts down the device. In shutdown, all functions are disabled drawing <1 μ A supply current. Do not leave EN floating.

CS (Pin 7): Charge Current Program, Charge Current Monitor and Shutdown Pin. The charge current is programmed by connecting a resistor, R_{SET}.

BAT (Pin 8): Battery Connection.



Block Diagram





Application Information

Functional Description

The HX6038-NGA is an advanced 1A linear charge controller for dual-cell Li-lon of Li-lon applications. Refer to Block Diagram and Operation Flow Chart (Figure 1) in this section.

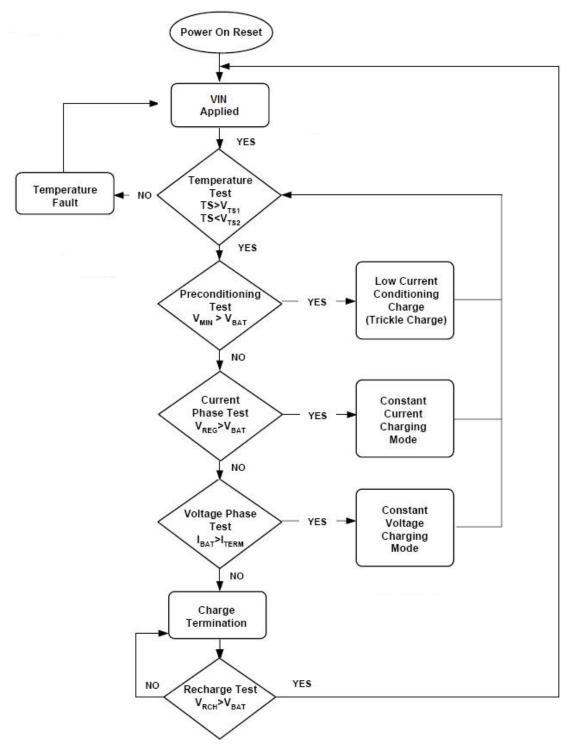


Figure 1: Operation Flow Chart



Qualification and Precharge

When power is applied, the HX6038-NGA starts a charge-cycle if a battery is already present or when a battery is inserted. Charge qualification is based on battery temperature and voltage.

The HX6038-NGA suspends charge if the battery temperature is outside the V_{TS1} to V_{TS2} range and suspends charge until the battery temperature is within the allowed range. The HX6038-NGA also checks the battery voltage. If the battery voltage is below the precharge threshold $V_{(min)}$, the HX6038-NGA uses precharge to condition the battery. The conditioning charge rate $I_{(PRECHG)}$ is set at approximately 10% of the regulation current. The conditioning current also minimizes heat dissipation in the external pass-element during the initial stage of charge. See Figure 2 for a typical charge-profile.

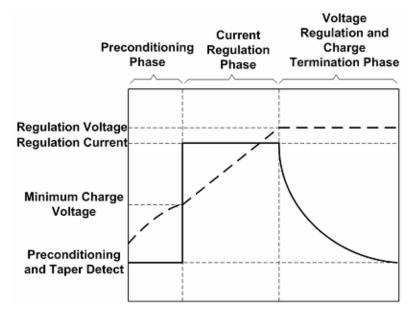


Figure 2: Typical Charge Profile

Current Regulation Phase

The HX6038-NGA regulates current while the battery-pack voltage is less than the regulation voltage, $V_{O(REG)}$. The HX6038-NGA monitors charge current at the CS input by the voltage drop across a sense-resistor, R_{SET} , in series with the battery pack. In current sensing configuration, R_{SET} is between the VIN and CS pins, charge-current feedback, applied through pin CS, maintains a voltage of V_{CS} across the current sense resistor. The following formula calculates the value of the Sense resistor:

$$R_{SET} = \frac{V_{CS}}{I_{O(REG)}}$$

Where, I_{O(REG)} is the desired charging current.

Voltage Phase

The voltage regulation feedback is through the BAT pin. This input is tied directly to the positive side of the battery pack. The HX6038-NGA monitors the battery-pack voltage between the BAT and GND pins. The HX6038-NGA is offered 8.4V output voltage.



Charge Termination Recharge

The HX6038-NGA monitors the charging current during the voltage-regulation phase. The HX6038-NGA declares a done condition and terminates charge when the current drops to the charge termination threshold, $I_{TERM.}$ A new charge cycle begins when the battery voltage falls below the V_{RCH} threshold.

Battery Temperature Monitoring

A negative temperature coefficient (NTC) thermistor located close to the battery pack can be used to monitor battery temperature and will not allow charging unless the battery temperature is within an acceptable range.

Connect a 10k thermistor from the TS pin to ground. With the 85μ A pull-up current source, the hot temperature voltage threshold is 485mV. For cold temperature, the voltage threshold is set at 2.486V with 85μ A of pull-up current. The charge cycle begins or resumes once the temperature is within the acceptable range.

Reverse Blocking Protection

The optional reverse-blocking protection diode, depicted in Figure1 provides protection from a faulted or shorted input, or from a reversed-polarity input source. Without the protection diode, a faulted of shorted input would discharge the battery pack through the body diode of the external pass transistor.

If a reverse-protection diode is incorporated in the design, it should be chosen to handle the fast charge current continuously at the maximum ambient temperature. In addition, the reverse-leakage current of the diode should be kept as small as possible.

Selecting Input Capacitor

In most applications, all that is high-frequency decoupling capacitor. The HX6038-NGA works with both regulated an unregulated external dc supplies. If a non-regulated supply is chosen, the supply voltage to the minimum required input voltage at maximum load. If not, more capacitance must be added to the input of the charger.

Selecting Output Capacitor

The HX6038-NGA does not require any output capacitor for loop stability.

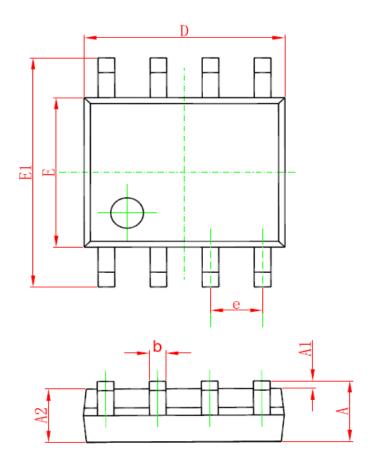
In order to maintain good AC stability in constant Voltage mode, a minimum capacitance of 10uF is recommenced to bypass the BAT pin to GND. This capacitance provides compensation when there is no battery load. In addition, the battery and interconnections appear inductive at high frequencies. These elements are in the control feedback loop during Constant Voltage mode. Therefore, the bypass capacitance may be necessary to compensate for the inductive nature of the battery pack.

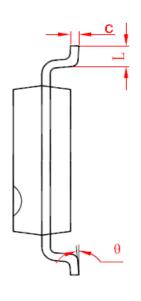
Virtually any good quality output filter capacitor can be used, independent of the capacitor's minimum ESR (Effective Series Resistance) value. The actual value of the capacitor and its associated ESR depends on the forward transconductance (gm) and capacitance of the external pass transistor. A 10uF tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitor at the output is usually sufficient to ensure stability for up to a 1A output current.



Packaging Information

SOP-8L Package Outline Dimension





Cy week al	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
Е	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
е	1.270(BSC)		0.050(BSC)		
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

Subject changes without notice.